

Read 5.5-5.7 and "Trig Guide to Graphing" on brewermath.com

- 5.5: #55-60 all; 77-84 all
- 5.6 #1-47 odd; 49-54 all; 63-70 all
- 5.7 #1-50 all; #53-64 all; 87-92 all

} due Wed. 12/7

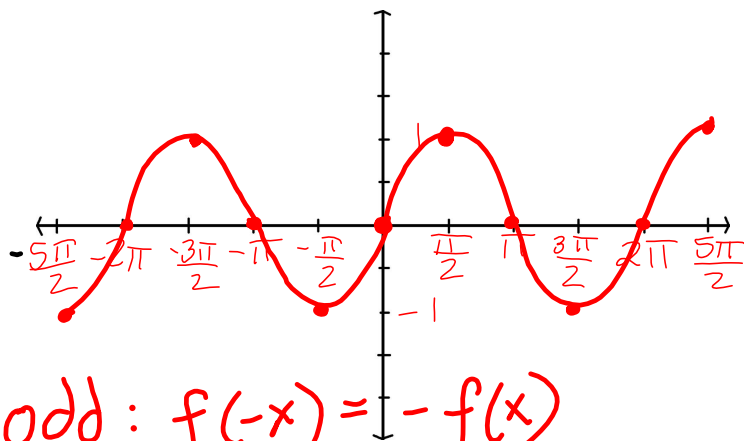
Graphs of the sine and cosine functions

$$y = \sin x$$

domain:
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

range:
 $[-1, 1]$

period:
 2π



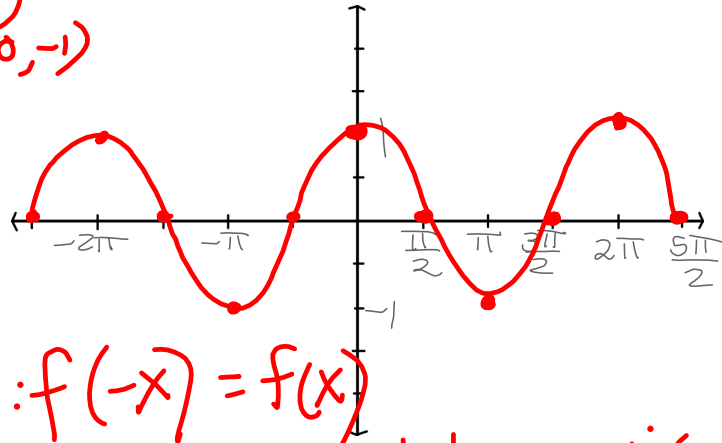
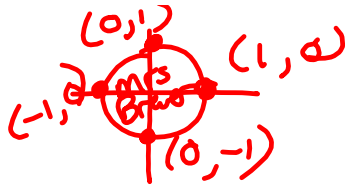
odd: $f(-x) = -f(x)$
Symmetric with respect to origin

$y = \cos x$

domain:
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

range:
 $[-1, 1]$

period:
 2π



even: $f(-x) = f(x)$
symmetric with respect to y-axis

Domain/Range/Period/Graphs of the other 4 Trig functions?

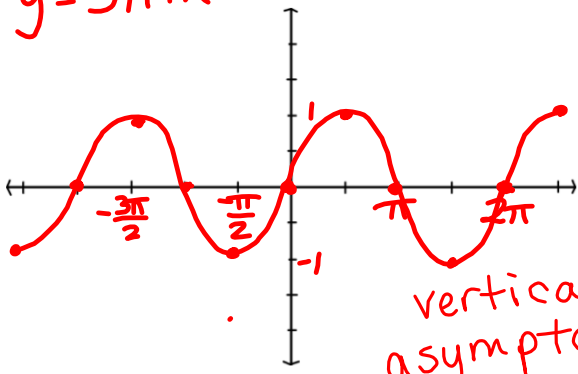
Function	Domain	Range	Period
$y = \sin x$	$(-\infty, \infty)$	$[-1, 1]$	2π
$y = \cos x$	$(-\infty, \infty)$	$[-1, 1]$	2π
$y = \csc x$	$\{x \mid x \text{ is not an integer multiple of } \pi\}$	$(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$	2π
$y = \sec x$	$\{x \mid x \text{ is not an odd multiple of } \frac{\pi}{2}\}$	$(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$	2π
$y = \tan x$	$\{x \mid x \text{ is not an odd multiple of } \frac{\pi}{2}\}$	$(-\infty, \infty)$	π
$y = \cot x$	$\{x \mid x \text{ is not an integer multiple of } \pi\}$	$(-\infty, \infty)$	π

Why?

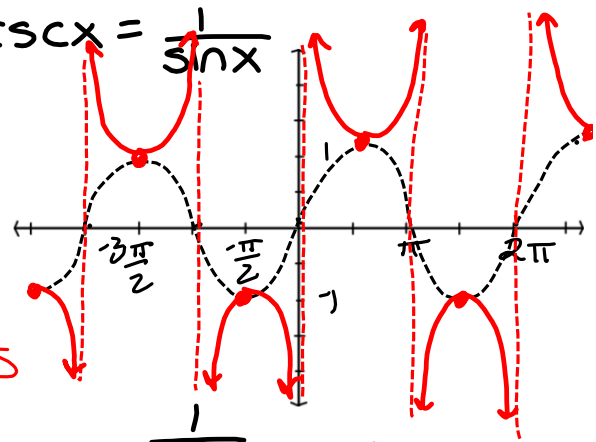
$$\csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x} \qquad \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\sec x = \frac{1}{\cos x} \qquad \cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$y = \sin x$

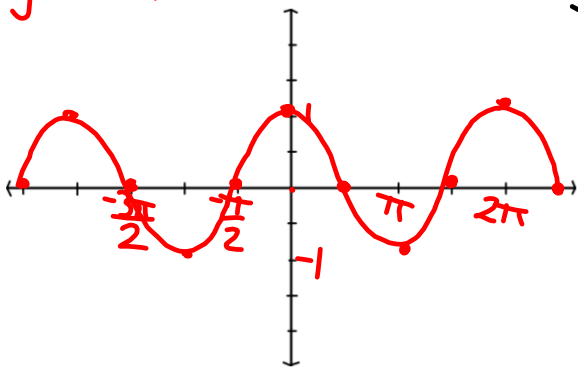


$y = \csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x}$

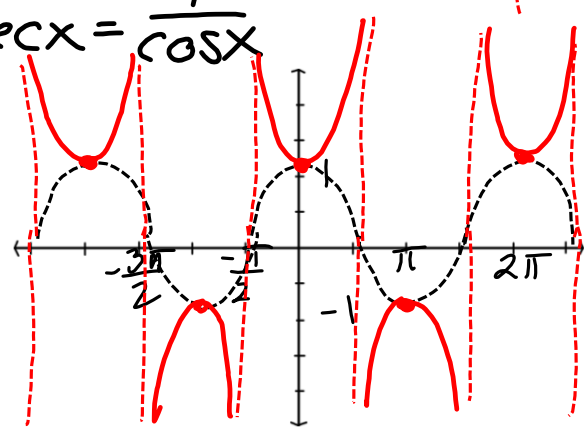


vertical asymptotes

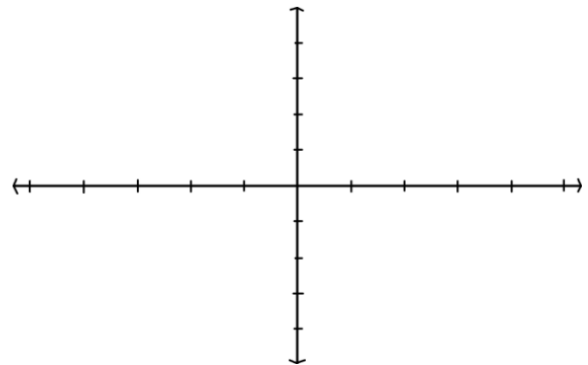
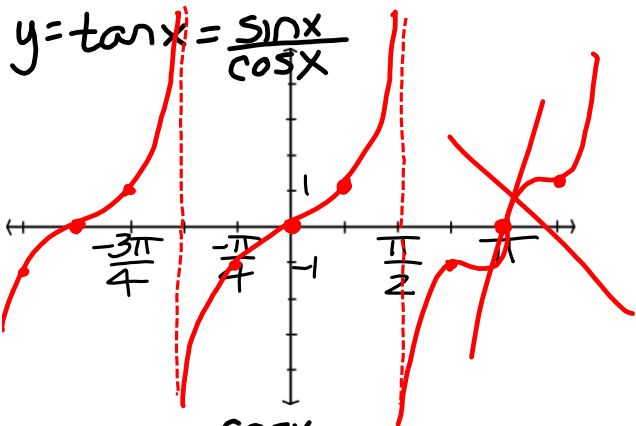
$y = \cos x$



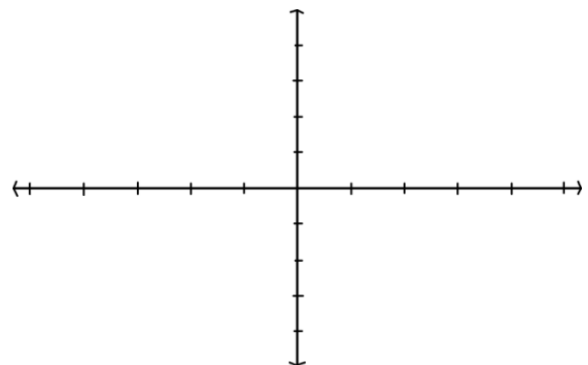
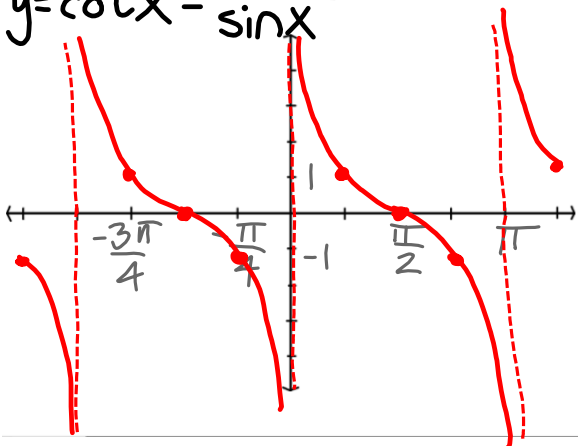
$y = \sec x = \frac{1}{\cos x}$



$y = \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$



$y = \cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$



$$y = f(x)$$

Goal:

$$y = a f(bx + c) + d$$

$$y = f(x) + g(x)$$

$$y = a f(bx)$$

multiplication always results in a stretch of the graph.

constants applied outside the function affect it vertically as we expect; inside - horizontally, opposite of what we would expect

$$\text{amplitude} = \frac{\text{maxvalue} - \text{minvalue}}{2}$$

for $y = a \sin bx$

$$\text{amplitude} = |a|$$

If $a < 0$, vertical flip

$$\text{period} = \frac{\text{original period} (2\pi \text{ or } \pi)}{|b|}$$

If $b < 0$, horizontal flip

