

$$\begin{aligned} d &= 3h \\ 2r &= 3h \\ r &= \frac{3h}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} \pi \left( \frac{3h}{2} \right)^2 \cdot h \\ &= \frac{\pi}{3} \cdot \frac{9h^2}{4} \cdot h \\ V &= \frac{3\pi}{4} h^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{10}{81\pi} \text{ ft/min}$$

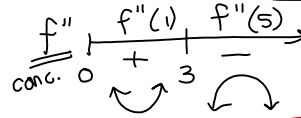
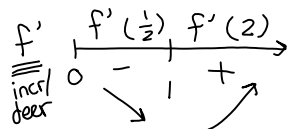
3.4 #20

$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{x+1}{x^{1/2}}$$

← domain is  $(0, \infty)$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{x^{1/2}(1) - (x+1)(\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2})}{(x^{1/2})^2} = \frac{x^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}x^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}}{x} \\ &= \frac{(\frac{1}{2}x^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2})2x^{1/2}}{2x^{3/2}} = \frac{x-1}{2x^{3/2}} = f'(x) = 0 \quad @ x=1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= \frac{(2x^{3/2})(1) - (x-1)(3x^{1/2})}{(2x^{3/2})^2} = \frac{2x^{3/2} - 3x^{3/2} + 3x^{1/2}}{4x^3} \\ &= \frac{3x^{1/2} - x^{3/2}}{4x^3} \cdot \frac{x^{1/2}}{x^{1/2}} = \frac{3x - x^2}{4x^{7/2}} = \frac{x(3-x)}{4x^{7/2}} = \frac{3-x}{4x^{5/2}} = f''(x) = 0 \quad @ x=3 \end{aligned}$$



f is increasing on  $(1, \infty)$  & decreasing on  $(0, 1)$   
 f has a relative minimum @  $(1, 2)$   
 f has no relative maxima

f is concave up on  $(0, 3)$  & concave down on  $(3, \infty)$   
 h has an inflection point @  $(3, \frac{4}{13})$

3.7 Optimization Problems

4. Find two positive numbers whose product is 192 and the sum of the first plus three times the second is a minimum.

Sum | is | minimum

$$s(x,y) = x + 3y$$

$xy = 192$   
 $x = \frac{192}{y}$

$$s(y) = \frac{192}{y} + 3y$$

$$= 192y^{-1} + 3y$$

$$s'(y) = -192y^{-2} + 3$$

$$0 = -\frac{192}{y^2} + 3$$

$$\frac{192}{y^2} = 3$$

$$\frac{192}{3} = y^2$$

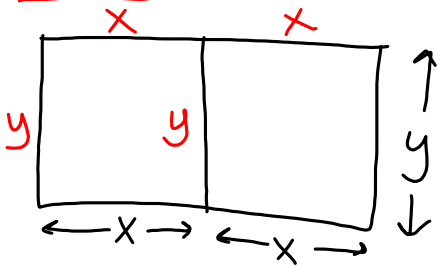
$$64 = y^2$$

$$8 = y$$

$$xy = 192$$

$$x = \frac{192}{8} = 24 = x$$

18. A rancher has 200 feet of fencing with which to enclose two adjacent corrals, arranged according to the figure. What dimensions should be used so that the enclosed area will be a maximum?



area | be | maximum  
 will/?

$$200 = 4x + 3y$$

$$200 - 3y = 4x$$

$$50 - \frac{3}{4}y = x$$

$$A(x,y) = (2x) \cdot y$$

$$A(y) = 2(50 - \frac{3}{4}y) \cdot y$$

$$= 100y - \frac{3}{2}y^2$$

$$x = 50 - \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{100}{3}$$

$$x = 25$$

ft

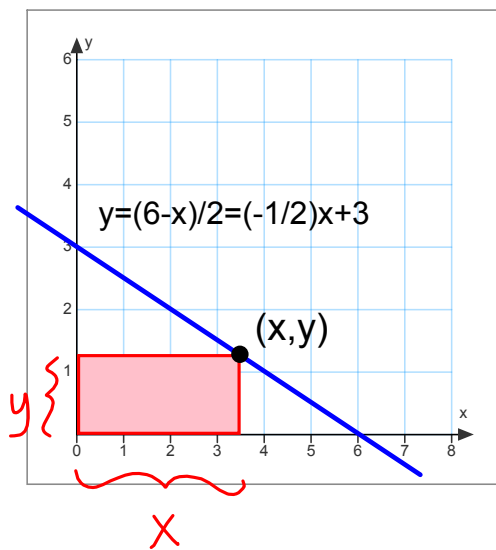
$$A'(y) = 100 - 3y$$

$$100 - 3y = 0$$

$$100 = 3y$$

$$\frac{100}{3} = y$$

24. A rectangle is bounded by the x- and y-axes and the graph of  $y=(6-x)/2$ . What length and width should the rectangle have so that its area is a maximum?



$$A(x, y) = xy$$

$$y = \frac{6-x}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$$

$$A(x) = x \left( -\frac{1}{2}x + 3 \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 3x$$

$$-x + 3 = 0 \quad y = \frac{6-3}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 3 = x \\ 3/2 = y \end{matrix}$$